

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY**

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<b>TIMOTHY BAYFORD,</b>	:	
<b>Plaintiff,</b>	:	<b>Civil Action No. 16-1331 (ES)</b>
<b>v.</b>	:	<b>MEMORANDUM AND ORDER</b>
<b>UNION COUNTY PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE, et al.,</b>	:	
<b>Defendants.</b>	:	

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Plaintiff Timothy Bayford, a pretrial detainee currently confined at Union County Jail in Elizabeth, New Jersey, seeks to bring this civil action *in forma pauperis*, without prepayment of fees or security, asserting jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331. The Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the “Act”), which amends 28 U.S.C. § 1915, establishes certain financial requirements for prisoners who are attempting to bring a civil action *in forma pauperis*.

Under the Act, a prisoner bringing a civil action *in forma pauperis* must submit an affidavit, including a statement of all assets, which states that the prisoner is unable to pay the fee. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(1). The prisoner also must submit a certified copy of his inmate trust fund account statement for the six-month period immediately preceding the filing of his complaint. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(2). The prisoner must obtain this statement from the appropriate official of each prison at which he was or is confined. *Id.*

The entire fee to be paid in advance of filing a civil complaint is \$400. That fee includes a filing fee of \$350 plus an administrative fee of \$50, for a total of \$400. A prisoner who is granted *in forma pauperis* status will, instead, be assessed a filing fee of \$350 and will not be responsible

for the \$50 administrative fee. If *in forma pauperis* status is denied, the prisoner must pay the full \$400, including the \$350 filing fee and the \$50 administrative fee, before the complaint will be filed.

If the prisoner is granted *in forma pauperis* status, the prisoner must pay the full amount of the \$350 filing fee as follows. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(1). In each month that the amount in the prisoner's account exceeds \$10.00, until the \$350.00 filing fee is paid, the agency having custody of the prisoner shall assess, deduct from the prisoner's account, and forward to the Clerk of the Court, payment equal to 20% of the preceding month's income credited to the prisoner's account. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(b)(2).

Plaintiff may not have known when he submitted his Complaint that he must pay the filing fee, and that even if the full filing fee, or any part of it, has been paid, the Court must dismiss the case if it finds that the action is: (1) frivolous or malicious; (2) fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted; or (3) seeks monetary relief against a defendant who is immune from such relief. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B). If the Court dismisses the case for any of these reasons, the Act does not permit the prisoner to get his filing fee back.

In this action, Plaintiff failed to submit a **certified** copy of his inmate trust fund account statement for the six-month period immediately preceding the filing of his Complaint. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(2).

THEREFORE, it is on this 24<sup>th</sup> day of March 2016;

ORDERED that Plaintiff's request to proceed *in forma pauperis* is hereby DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE; and it is further

ORDERED that the Clerk of the Court shall ADMINISTRATIVELY TERMINATE this case, without filing the complaint or assessing a filing fee; Plaintiff is informed that administrative

termination is not a “dismissal” for purposes of the statute of limitations, and that if the case is reopened, it is not subject to the statute of limitations time bar if it was originally filed timely, *see Jenkins v. Superintendent of Laurel Highlands*, 705 F.3d 80, 84 n.2 (3d Cir. 2013) (describing prisoner mailbox rule generally); *Dasilva v. Sheriff's Dep't*, 413 F. App'x 498, 502 (3d Cir. 2011) (“[The] statute of limitations is met when a complaint is submitted to the clerk before the statute runs ....”); and it is further

ORDERED that the Clerk of the Court shall send Plaintiff (1) the form entitled Affidavit of Poverty and Account Certification (Civil Rights) (DNJ ProSe 007 A(Rev. 5/13)) to be used by Plaintiff in any future application to proceed *in forma pauperis*; and (2) the form entitled DNJ-ProSe-006-ProSePrisCvRghtsCmpFrm-STANDARD-(Rev.05-2013); and it is further

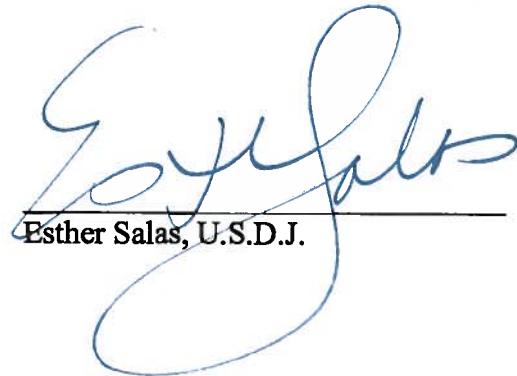
ORDERED that if Plaintiff wishes to reopen this case<sup>1</sup>, he shall so notify the Court, in writing addressed to the Clerk of the Court, Clarkson S. Fisher Building & U.S. Courthouse, 402 East State Street, Trenton, NJ 08608, within 30 days of the date of entry of this Order; Plaintiff's writing shall include either (1) a complete, signed *in forma pauperis* application, including a certified six-month prison account statement, or (2) the \$400 fee including the \$350 filing fee plus the \$50 administrative fee; **AND** a signed amended complaint; and it is further

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<sup>1</sup> Plaintiff is only asserting claims against the Union County Prosecutor's Office and two specifically named prosecutors. It must be noted that the two individual defendants will be immune to actions brought under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. *See Imbler v. Pachtman*, 424 U.S. 409 (1976) (holding that prosecutors enjoy absolute immunity). Also, the claim against the Prosecutor's Office should be brought as a *Monell* claim based on a relevant office policy. *See Connick v. Thompson*, 563 U.S. 51 (2011). Plaintiff appears to be challenging his detention, so the Court suggests that Plaintiff, if he chooses to re-file, file a Petition for a Writ of Habeas Corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. If Plaintiff chooses to file a petition for habeas relief, he must exhaust his state court remedies first. *O'Sullivan v. Boerckel*, 526 U.S. 838, 845 (1999) ("state prisoners must give the state courts one full opportunity to resolve any constitutional issues by invoking one complete round of the State's established appellate review process").

ORDERED that upon receipt of a writing from Plaintiff stating that he wishes to reopen this case, and either a complete *in forma pauperis* application or payment of the filing and administrative fees, and a signed amended complaint, within the time allotted by this Court, the Clerk of the Court will be directed to reopen this case; and it is finally

ORDERED that the Clerk of the Court shall serve a copy of this Order upon Plaintiff by regular U.S. mail.



The image shows a handwritten signature in blue ink, which appears to read "Esther Salas". Below the signature, there is a horizontal line. Underneath the line, the name "Esther Salas, U.S.D.J." is printed in a smaller, standard font.

Esther Salas, U.S.D.J.